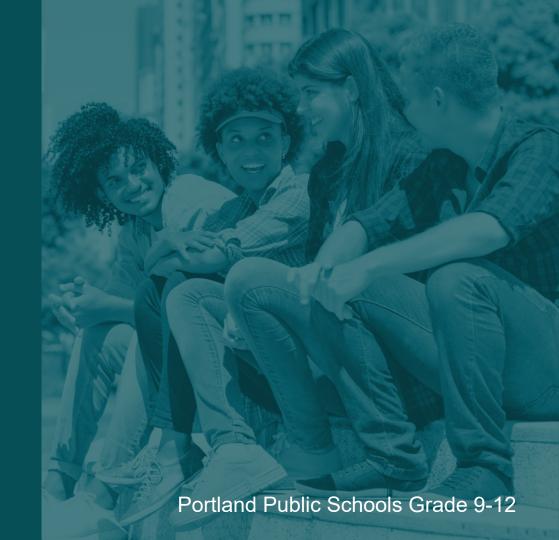
Self-Identified Health Behaviors

From the 2021 Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS)





Youth Risk Behavior Survey

The Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) was developed in 1990 to monitor health behaviors that contribute markedly to the leading causes of health challenges, death, and social problems among youth and adults in the United States. These behaviors, often established during childhood and early adolescence, include behaviors that contribute to unintentional injuries and violence; sexual behaviors related to unintended pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including HIV infection; alcohol and other drug use; tobacco use; unhealthy dietary behaviors; and inadequate physical activity.

The 2021 High School YRBS was administered to a random sample of 1,424 students in grades nine through twelve in nine Portland Public Schools. The YRBS results presented in this report have been statistically weighted and are representative of all students in Grades 9-12 attending Portland Public High Schools.









- YRBS Sample Demographics
- Mental Health
- Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drugs
- Wellness
- Comprehensive Sex Education
- Violence Prevention

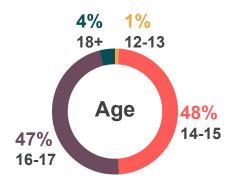
This table of content list is hyperlinked to each section, but the links only work if you are in slideshow mode.

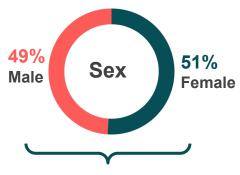
Otherwise, you can navigate the slides via the sidebar on the left side of your screen.



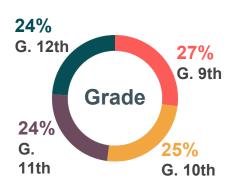


YRBS Sample Demographics





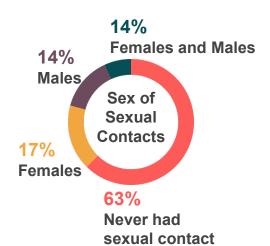


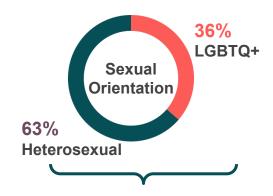






YRBS Sample Demographics



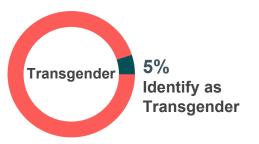


Heterosexual Students

- →61% self-identify as male
- →39% self-identify as female

LGBTQ+ Students

- →25% self-identify as male
- →75% self-identify as female

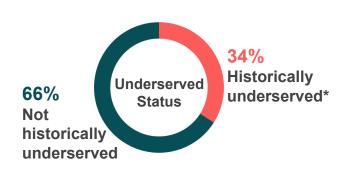


95% Do not identify as Transgender





YRBS Sample Demographics



Historically Underserved Students

- →50% self-identify as female
- →32% self-identify as LGBTQ+

Non-Historically Underserved Students

- →52% self-identify as female
- →39% self-identify as LGBTQ+

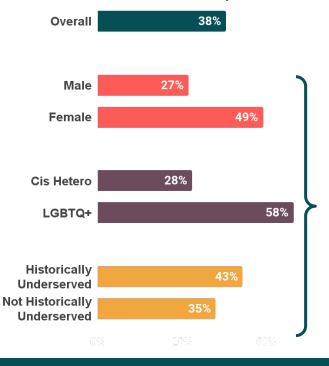
Mental Health





Hopelessness

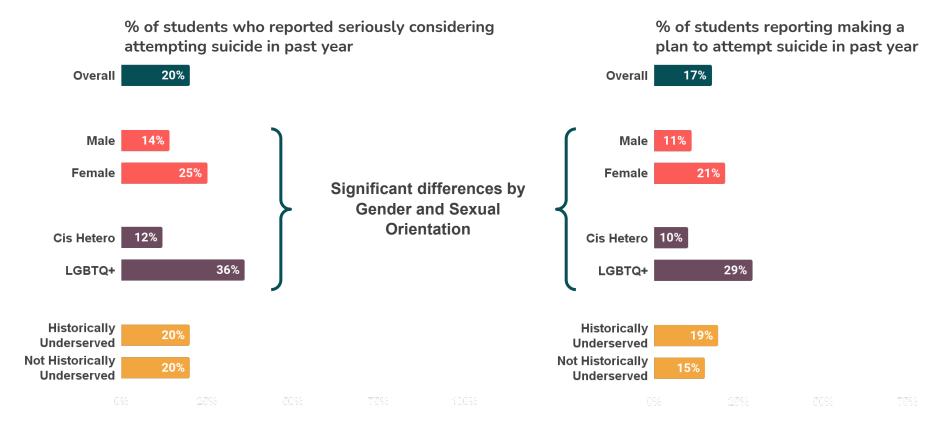
% of students who reported persistent feelings of sadness or hopelessness* in the past year



Significant differences by Gender, Sexual Orientation, and Historically Underserved











% of students who reported attempting suicide in the past year

Overall 8%

Male 6%

Female 9%

Cis Hetero 5%

LGBTQ+ 13%

Historically Underserved
Not Historically Underserved

6%

Connection between drinking alcohol and suicide:

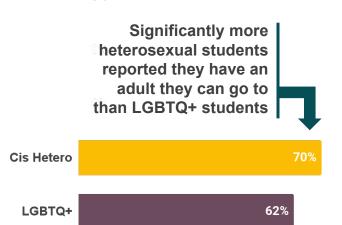
Significantly more students who reported drinking in the past month (30%) considered suicide than others who did not drink in the past month (16%)



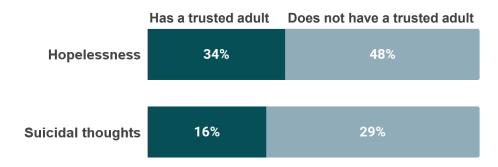




Overall 67%



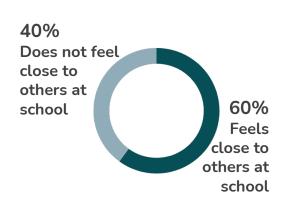




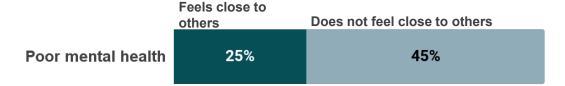




Feeling Close to Others at School



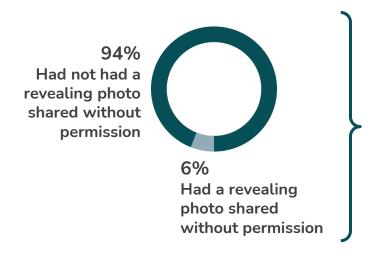
Significantly more students who don't feel close to others at their school reported poor mental health compared to students who do feel close to others



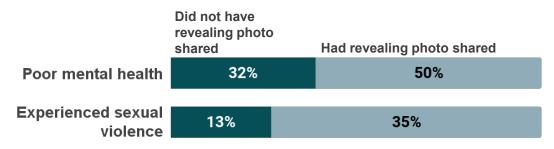




Having a Revealing Photo Shared Without Permission



Significantly more students who had a revealing photo shared without their permission reported poor mental health* and experienced sexual violence than those students who did not have a revealing photo shared

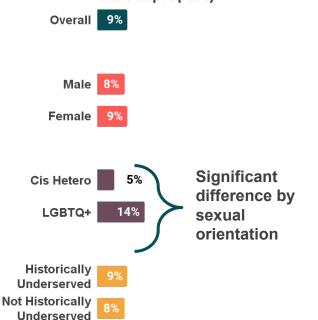




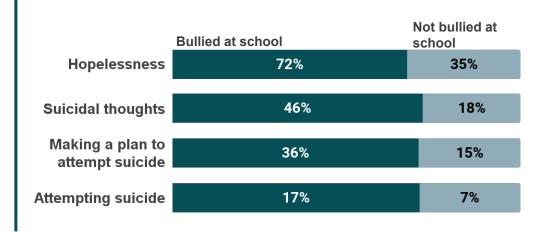


Bullying at School

% of students who reported being bullied on school property



Students who reported being bullied at school reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and self harm

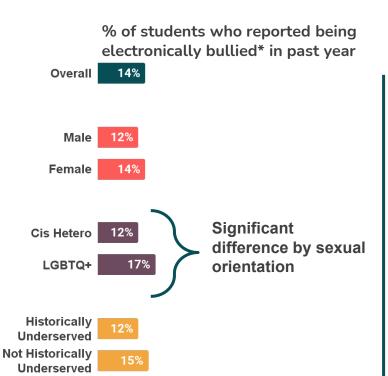


Students who considered themselves overweight were bullied at school more (12%) than students who did not consider themselves overweight (7%)

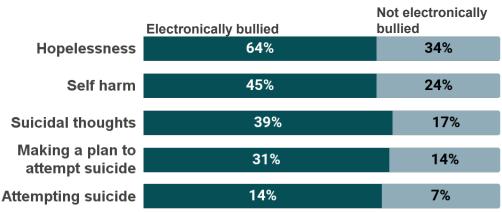




Cyber Bullying

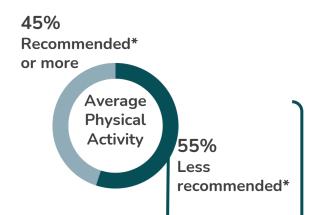


Students who reported being bullied online in the past year reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and self harm

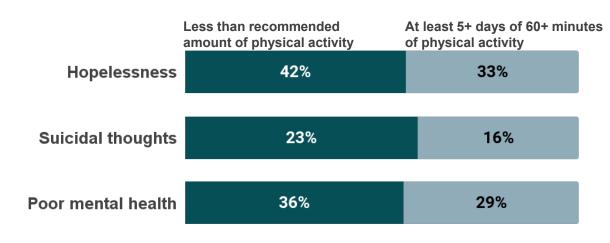




Physical Activity

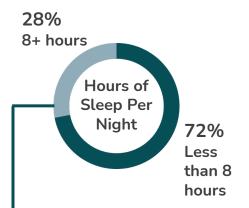


Students getting less than the recommended amount of physical activity reported significantly higher levels of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and poor mental health

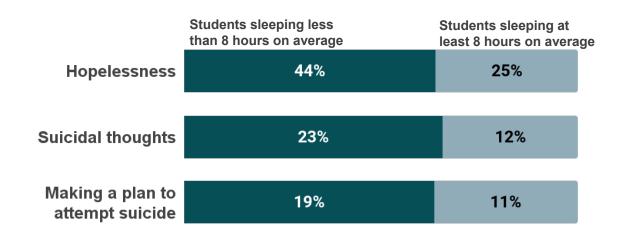






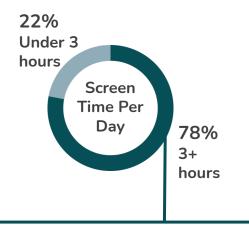


Students who sleep less than 8 hours on average reported significantly higher levels of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and planning suicide

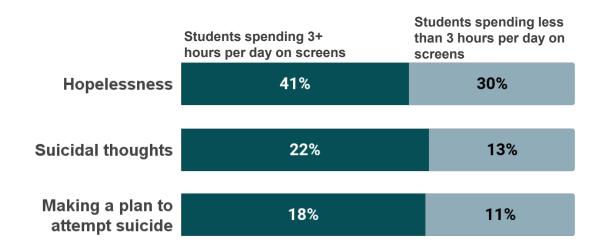








Students who spent 3+ hours per day on screen time reported significantly higher levels of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and planning suicide

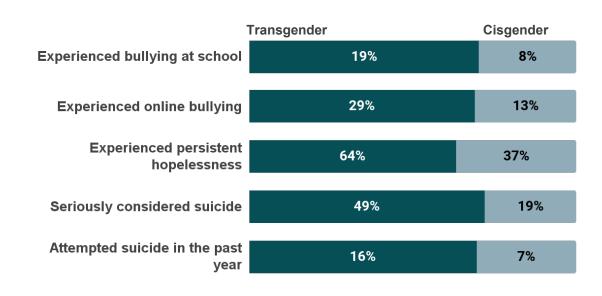






Transgender Students

Significantly more transgender students reported experiencing bullying, hopelessness, suicidal ideation, and attempting suicide in the past year than cisgender students

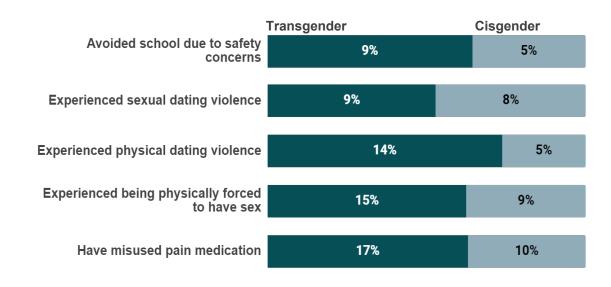






Transgender Students

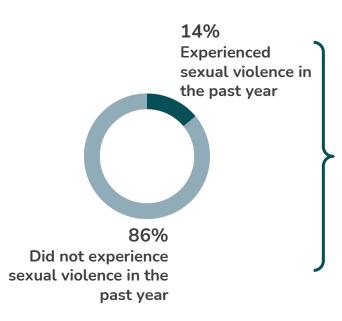
More transgender students reported avoiding school due to saftey concerns, experiencing sexual or physical dating violence, and misusing pain medication than cisgender students



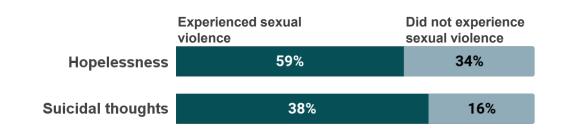




Sexual Violence* & Mental Health



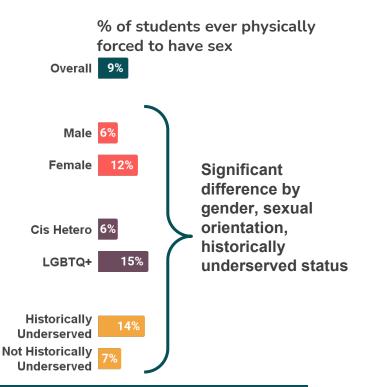
Students who experienced sexual violence in the past year reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness and suicidal thoughts than those who did not experience sexual violence

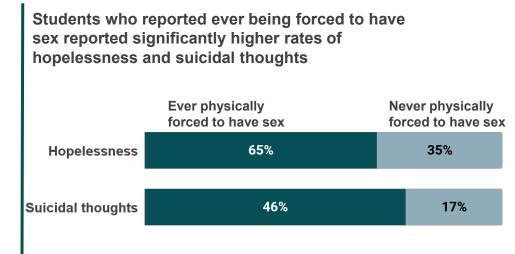






Sexual Assault* & Mental Health





Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drugs





Misuse of Pain Medication & Mental Health

% of students who ever

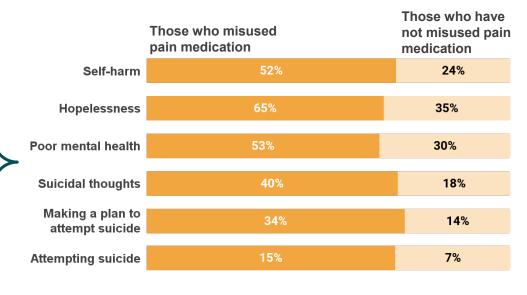
misused pain medication Overall 10%



Female

Cis Hetero 8%

LGBTQ+ 13% Students who reported ever misusing pain medication in their life reported significantly worse overall mental health



Historically Underserved Not Historically

Underserved

Significantly more females than males and significantly more LGBTQ+ students than non-LGBTQ+ students reported misusing pain medication

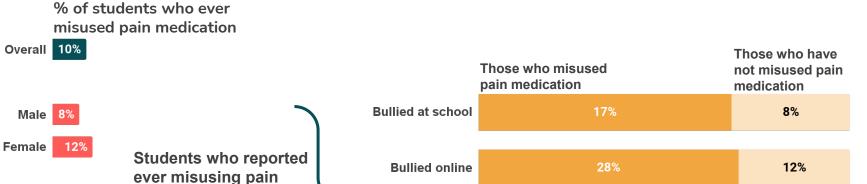


9%

21%



Misuse of Pain Medication & Bullying



Bullied because of

Bullied because of

appearance

gender

18%



Cis Hetero 8%

LGBTQ+

13%

medication in their life

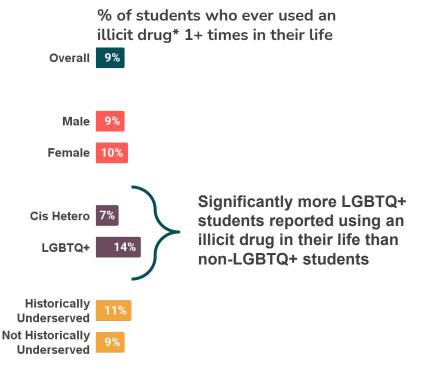
reported significantly

more bullying





Illicit Drug Use



Connection between misusing prescription pain medication and illicit drug use:

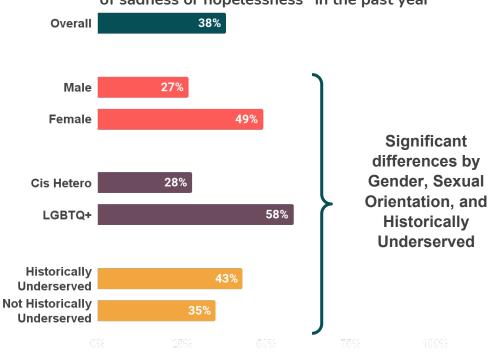
38% of students who reported ever misusing prescription pain medication also reported using at least one illicit drug in their lifetime while only 7% of students who never misused pain medication reported this





Hopelessness

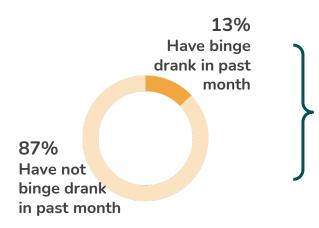




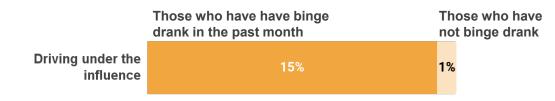


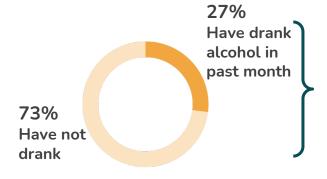


Drinking Alcohol



Significantly more students who reported binge drinking alcohol in the past month reported driving under the influence than those who did not binge drink





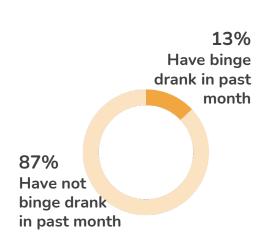
Significantly more students who reported drinking alcohol in the past month considered suicide than those who did not drink



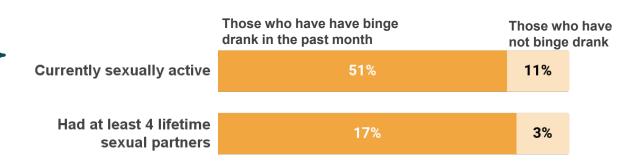




Binge Drinking & Sexual Activity



Significantly more students who reported binge drinking in the past month engaged in sexual activity than those who did not binge drink



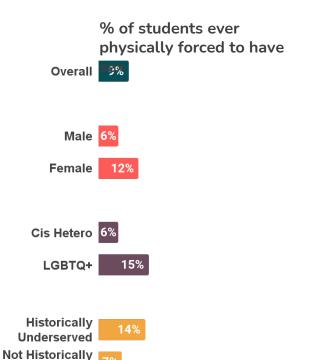
More students who first had sex before the age of 13 reported engaging in binge drinking (29%) than other students (12%)



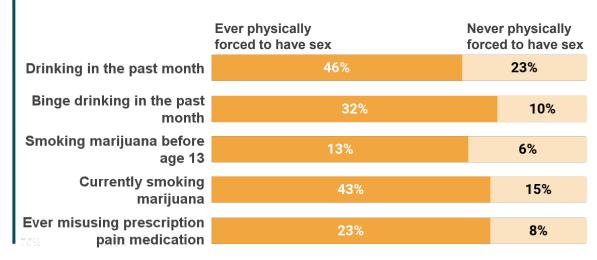


Underserved

Sexual Assault* & Substance Abuse



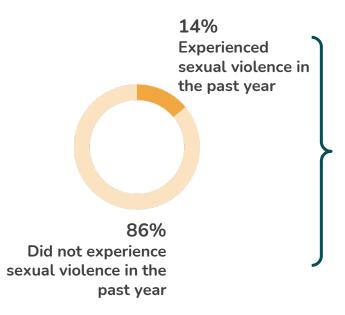
Significantly more students who were ever forced to have sex reported substance use than those who reported never being forced to have sex



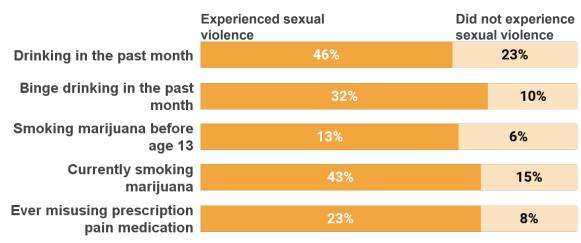




Sexual Violence* & Substance Abuse



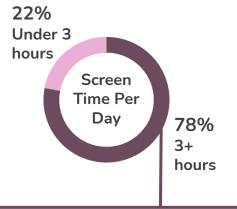
Significantly more students who experienced sexual violence in the past year reported substance use than those who did not experience sexual violence



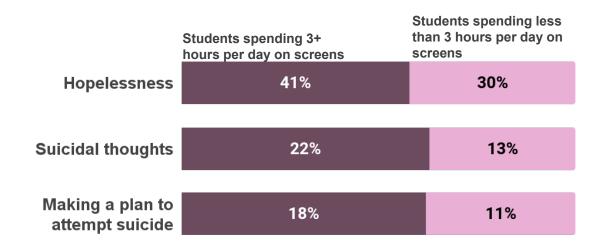
Wellness



Screen Time

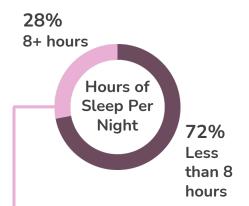


Students who spent 3+ hours per day on screen time reported significantly higher levels of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and planning suicide

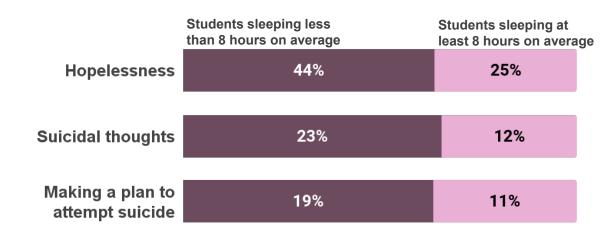


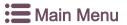




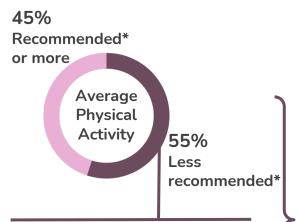


Students who sleep less than 8 hours on average reported significantly higher levels of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and planning suicide

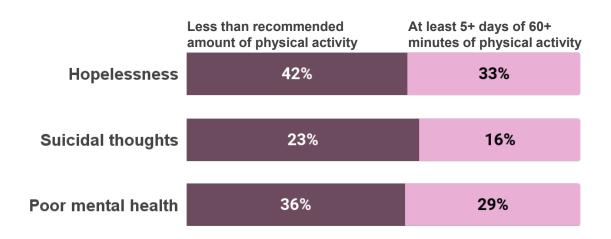




Physical Activity



Students getting less than the recommended amount of physical activity reported significantly higher levels of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and poor mental health

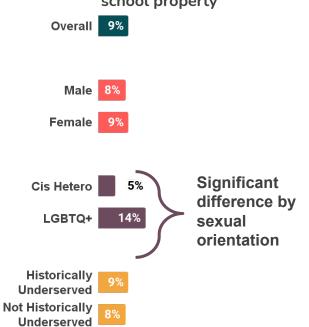




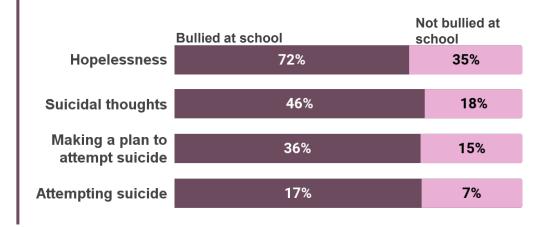


Bullying at School

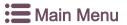




Students who reported being bullied at school reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and self harm

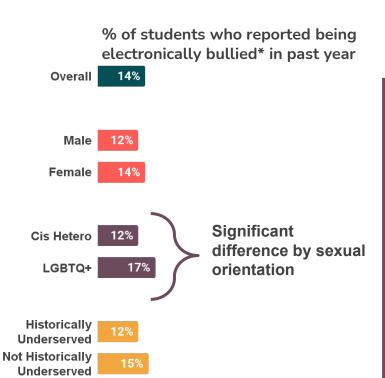


Students who considered themselves overweight were bullied at school more (12%) than students who did not consider themselves overweight (7%)

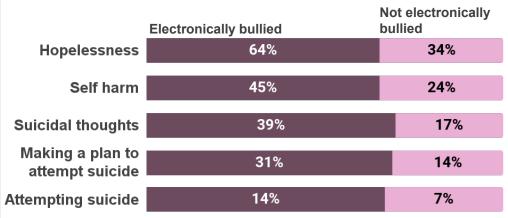




Cyber Bullying



Students who reported being bullied online in the past year reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and self harm

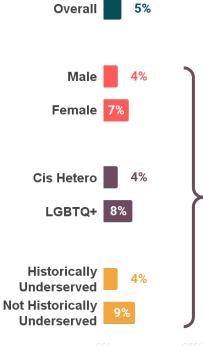






Safety Concerns



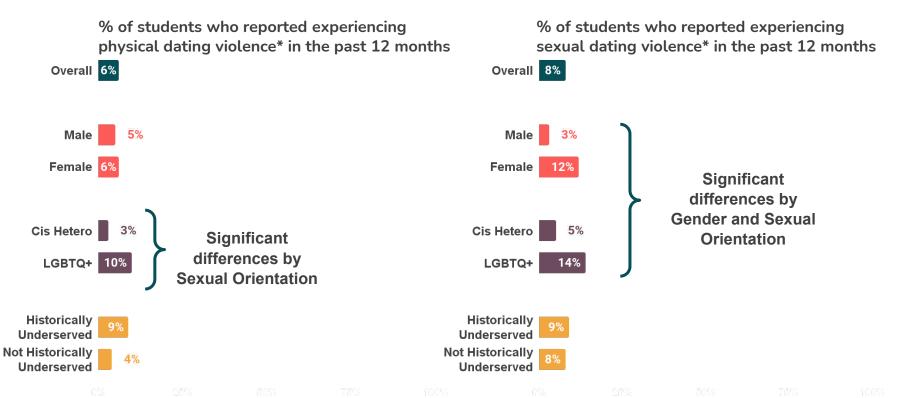


Significant
differences by
Gender, Sexual
Orientation, and
Historically
Underserved status





Dating Violence

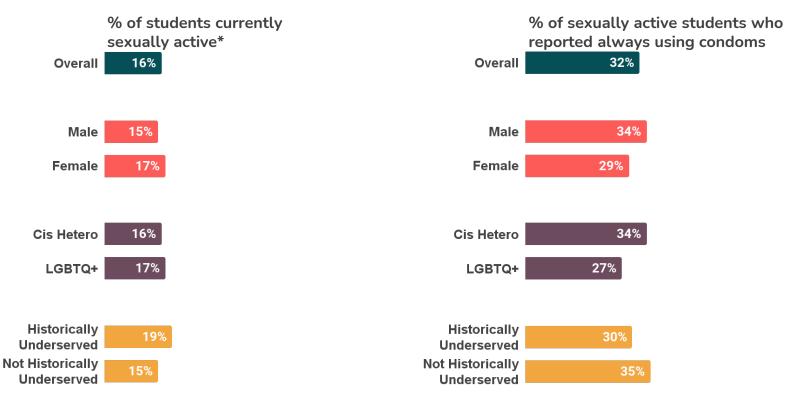


Comprehensive Sex Education



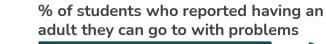


Sexual Activity and Condom Usage

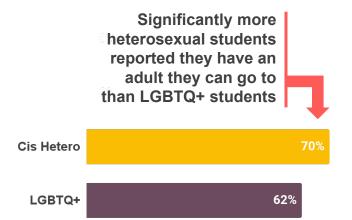


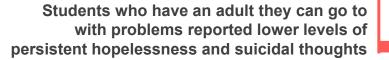


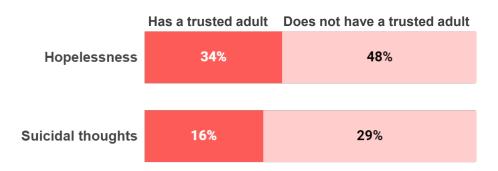




Overall 67%



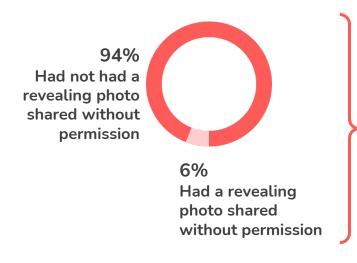




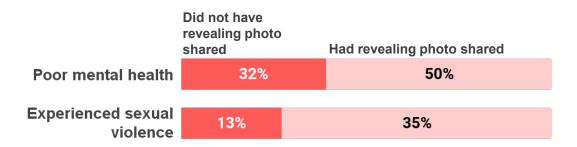




Having a Revealing Photo Shared Without Permission



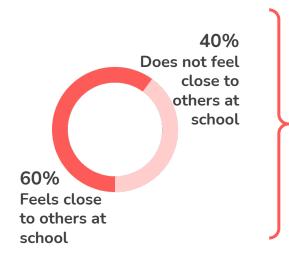
Significantly more students who had a revealing photo shared without their permission reported poor mental health* and experienced sexual violence than those students who did not have a revealing photo shared



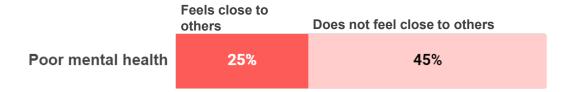




Feeling Close to Others at School



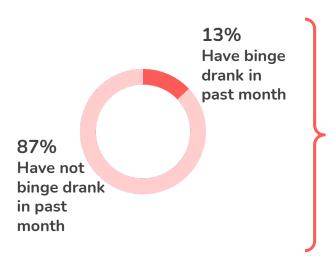
Significantly more students who don't feel close to others at their school reported poor mental health compared to students who do feel close to others



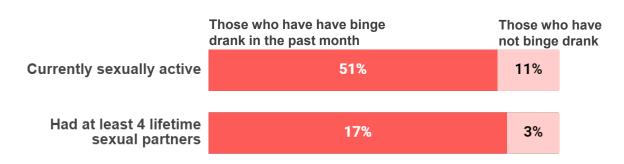




Binge Drinking & Sexual Activity



Significantly more students who reported binge drinking in the past month engaged in sexual activity than those who did not binge drink



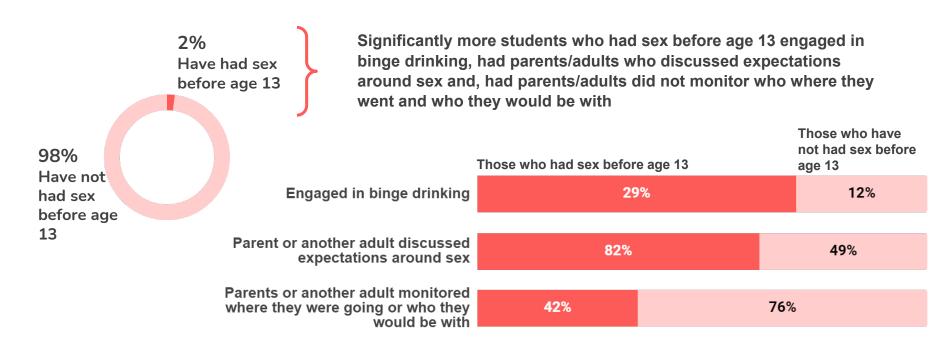
More students who first had sex before the age of 13 reported engaging in binge drinking (29%) than other students (12%)





Sexual Activity Before Age 13



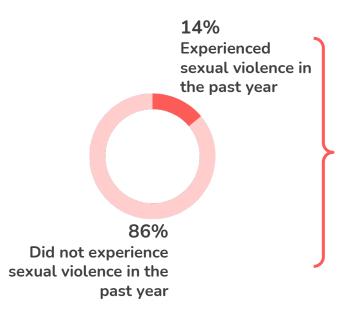


Among students that dated or went with someone in the past year, significantly more students who had sex before age 13 reported experiencing emotional dating violence (74%) than other students (24%)

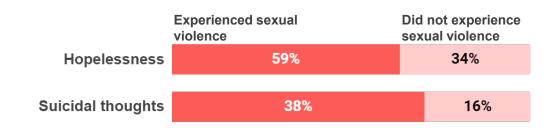




Sexual Violence* & Mental Health



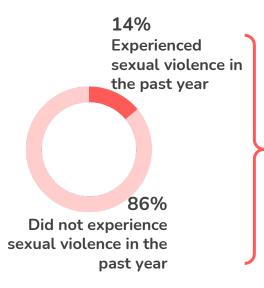
Students who experienced sexual violence in the past year reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness and suicidal thoughts than those who did not experience sexual violence



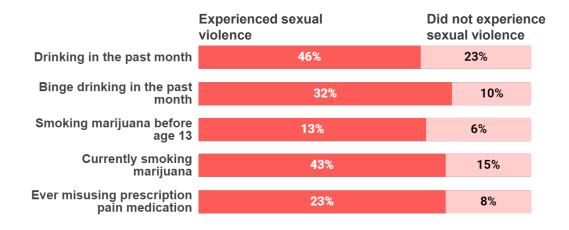




Sexual Violence* & Substance Use



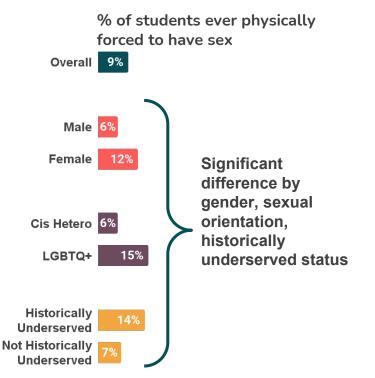
Significantly more students who experienced sexual violence in the past year reported substance use than those who did not experience sexual violence



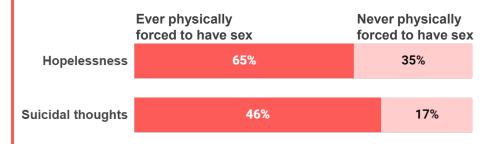




Sexual Assault* & Mental Health



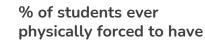
Students who reported ever being forced to have sex reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness and suicidal thoughts







Sexual Assault* & Substance Abuse



Overall 59%

Male 6%

Female 12%

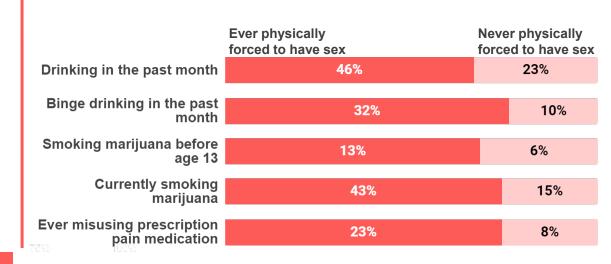
Cis Hetero 6%

LGBTQ+ 15%

Historically Underserved
Not Historically Underserved

7%

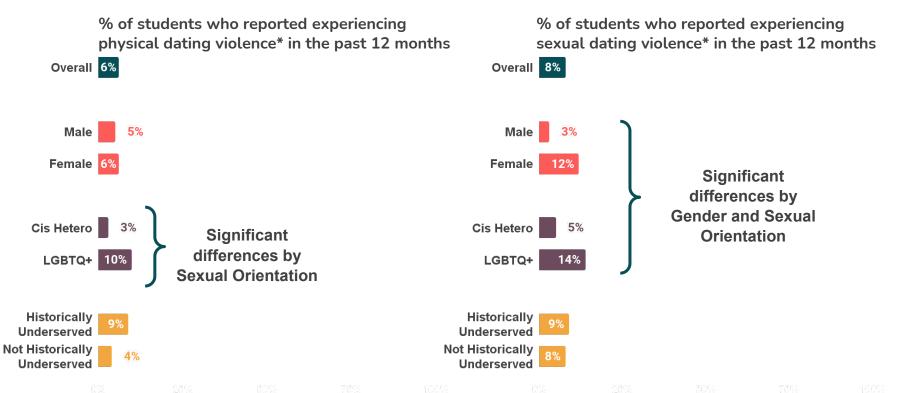
Significantly more students who were ever forced to have sex reported substance use than those who reported never being forced to have sex







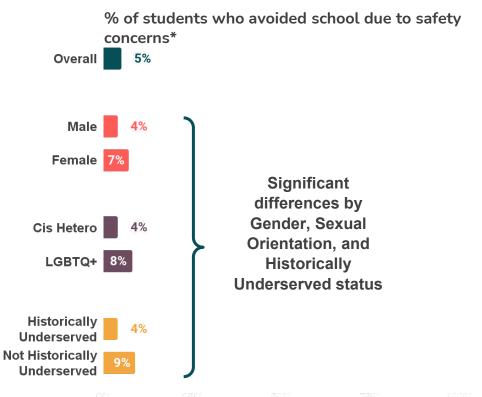
Dating Violence







Safety Concerns

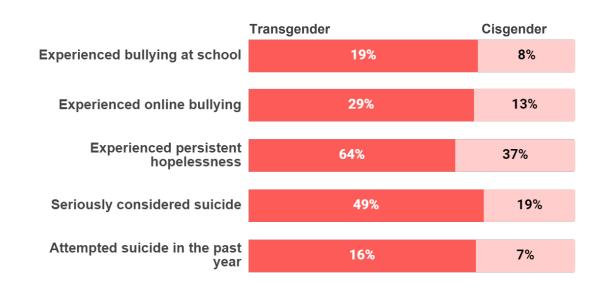






Transgender Students

Significantly more transgender students reported experiencing bullying, hopelessness, suicidal ideation, and attempting suicide in the past year than cisgender students

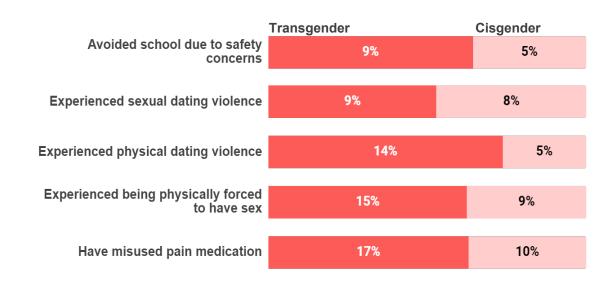






Transgender Students

More transgender students reported avoiding school due to saftey concerns, experiencing sexual or physical dating violence, and misusing pain medication than cisgender students

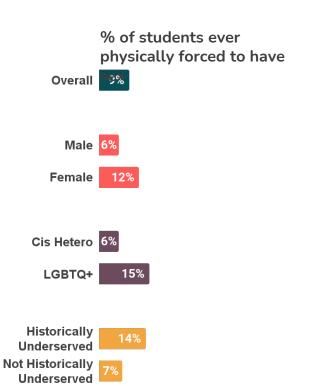


Violence Prevention

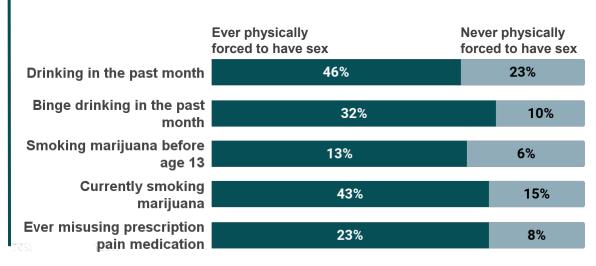




Sexual Assault* & Substance Abuse



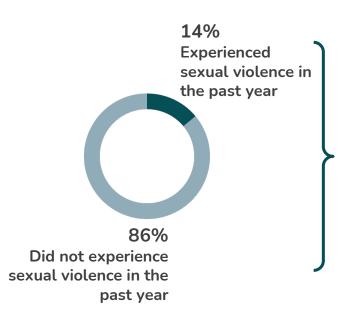
Significantly more students who were ever forced to have sex reported substance use than those who reported never being forced to have sex



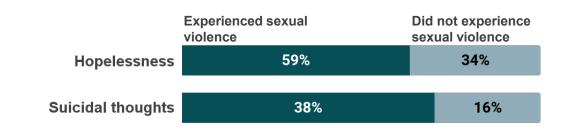




Sexual Violence* & Mental Health



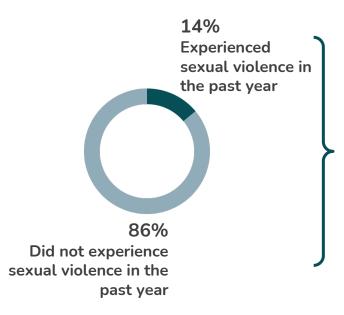
Students who experienced sexual violence in the past year reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness and suicidal thoughts than those who did not experience sexual violence



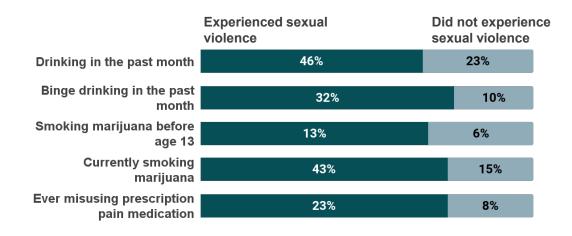




Sexual Violence* & Substance Abuse



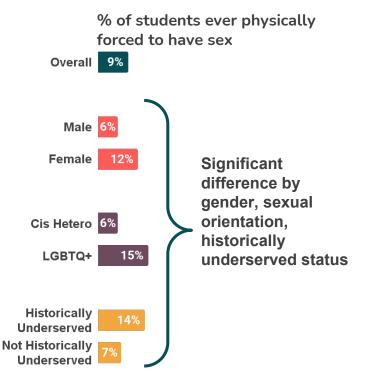
Significantly more students who experienced sexual violence in the past year reported substance use than those who did not experience sexual violence



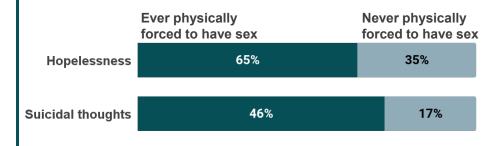




Sexual Assault* & Mental Health



Students who reported ever being forced to have sex reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness and suicidal thoughts

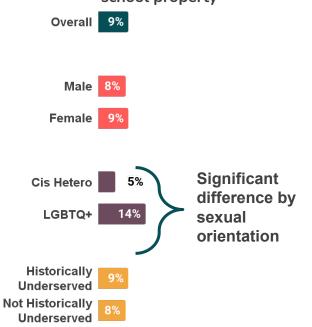




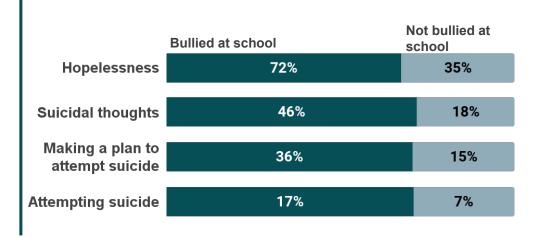


Bullying at School





Students who reported being bullied at school reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and self harm

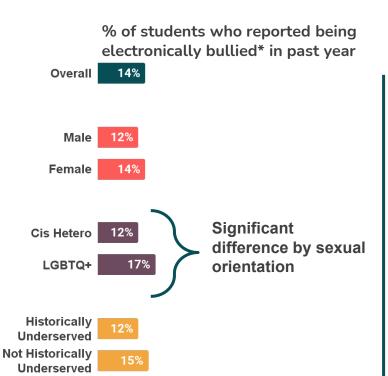


Students who considered themselves overweight were bullied at school more (12%) than students who did not consider themselves overweight (7%)

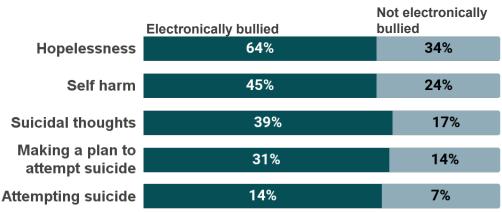




Cyber Bullying



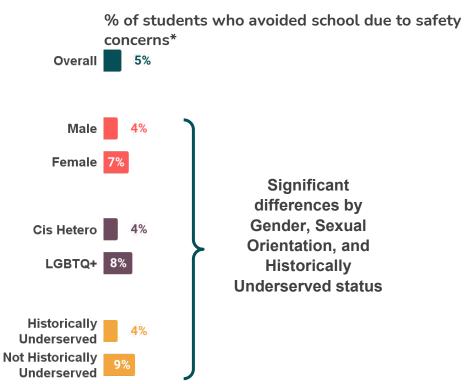
Students who reported being bullied online in the past year reported significantly higher rates of hopelessness, suicidal thoughts, and self harm







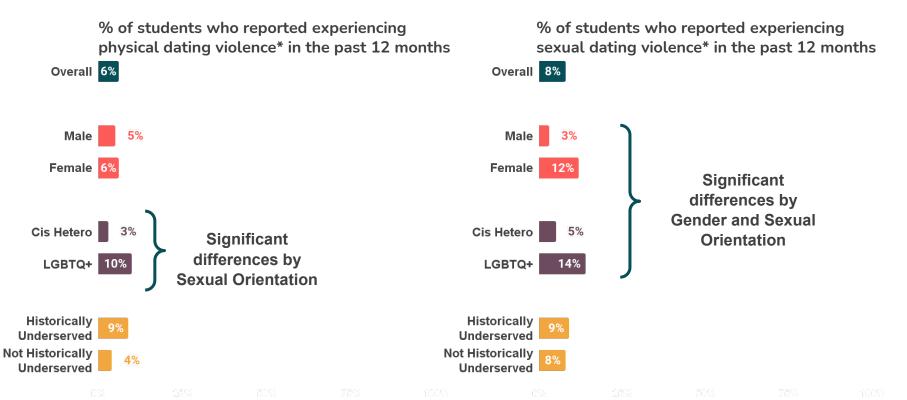
Safety Concerns







Dating Violence

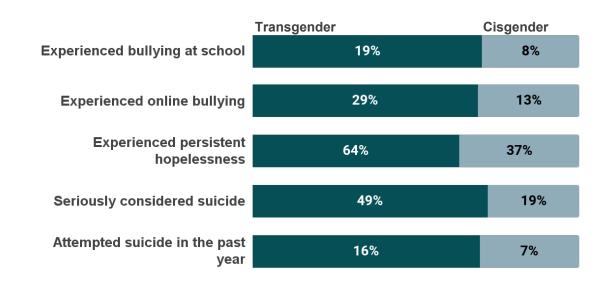






Transgender Students

Significantly more transgender students reported experiencing bullying, hopelessness, suicidal ideation, and attempting suicide in the past year than cisgender students







Transgender Students

More transgender students reported avoiding school due to saftey concerns, experiencing sexual or physical dating violence, and misusing pain medication than cisgender students

